

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE PCT NATIONAL STAGE APPLICATION OF

Art Unit: 1611

Atadja, Peter Wisdom et al.

Examiner: Rae, Charlesworth E

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO: PCT/EP2004/008848

FILED: August 06, 2004

U.S. APPLICATION NO: 10/567897

35 USC §371 DATE: September 22, 2006

FOR: Combinations Comprising Staurosporines

Commissioner for Patents  
PO Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

NOTICE OF APPEAL

Sir:

Applicants hereby appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences from the Office Action dated January 5, 2009 finally rejecting claims 1-14.

- ☒ Please charge Deposit Account No. 19-0134 in the name of Novartis in the amount of \$540 for payment of the appeal fee. An additional copy of this paper is here enclosed. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Account No. 19-0134 in the name of Novartis.
- ☐ The appeal fee was paid in a previous appeal herein. The examiner re-opened prosecution prior to any decision by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences. No fee is now due.
- ☒ Enclosed is a Petition for Extension of Time.

Respectfully submitted,



George Dohmann  
Attorney for Applicant  
Reg. No. 33,593

Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation  
One Health Plaza, Bldg. 101  
East Hanover, NJ 07936  
(862) 778-7824

Date: 5/29/09

CASE 33310-US-PCT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF

Art Unit: 1611

ATADJA ET AL.

Examiner: Rae, Charlesworth E.

APPLICATION NO: 10/567,897

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FOR: COMBINATIONS COMPRISING STAUROSPORINES

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PO Box 1450  
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AMENDMENT AFTER FINAL REJECTION

Sir:

In response to the Office action dated January 5, 2009, response due April 5, 2009, here extended two months by simultaneously filed Petition for Extension of Time to be due on June 5, 2009, kindly enter the following response.

**Amendments to the Claims** begin on page 2.

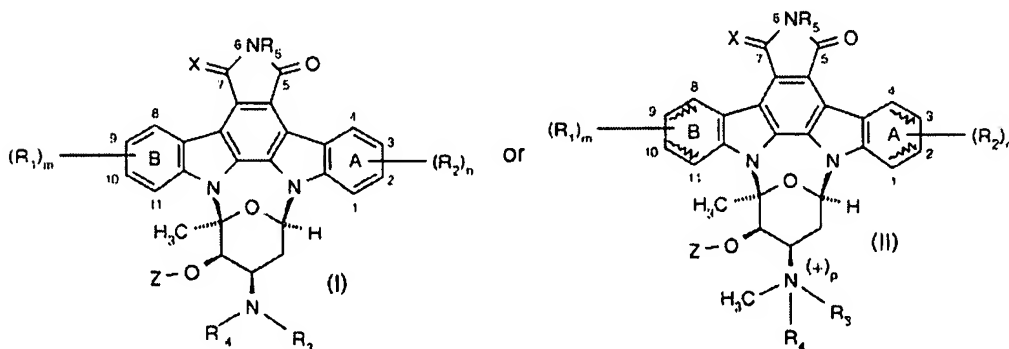
**Remarks/Arguments** begin on page 11.

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions:

### Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of treating myelodysplastic syndromes, lymphomas and leukemias, and solid tumors comprising cells that express constitutively active mutant FLT-3 in a mammal which comprises treating the mammal in need of such treatment simultaneously, concurrently, separately or sequentially with pharmaceutically effective amounts of (a) a FLT-3 inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ~~a prodrug~~ thereof, and (b) a histone deacetylase inhibitor (HDAI), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a prodrug thereof.
2. (original) The method according to claim 1 for treating acute myeloid leukemia (AML) .
3. (cancelled)
4. (currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the FLT-3 inhibitor is a staurosporine derivative ~~is selected from the compounds of formula,~~





R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, an aliphatic, carbocyclic, or carbocyclic-aliphatic radical with up to 29 carbon atoms in each case, or a heterocyclic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical with up to 20 carbon atoms in each case, and in each case up to 9 heteroatoms, or acyl with up to 30 carbon atoms;

R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are acyl or –(lower alkyl) –acyl, unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, etherified or esterified hydroxy, amino, mono- or disubstituted amino, cyano, nitro, mercapto, substituted mercapto, carboxy, carbonyl, carbonyldioxy, esterified carboxy, carbamoyl, N-mono- or N,N-di-substituted carbamoyl, sulfo, substituted sulfonyl, aminosulfonyl or N-mono- or N,N-di-substituted aminosulfonyl;

X stands for 2 hydrogen atoms; for 1 hydrogen atom and hydroxy; for O; or for hydrogen and lower alkoxy;

Z stands for hydrogen or lower alkyl;

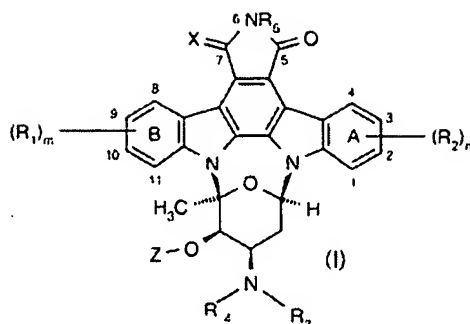
and either the two bonds characterised by wavy lines are absent in ring A and replaced by 4 hydrogen atoms, and the two wavy lines in ring B each, together with the respective parallel bond, signify a double bond;

or the two bonds characterised by wavy lines are absent in ring B and replaced by a total of 4 hydrogen atoms, and the two wavy lines in ring A each, together with the respective parallel bond, signify a double bond;

or both in ring A and in ring B all of the 4 wavy bonds are absent and are replaced by a total of 8 hydrogen atoms;

or a salt thereof, if at least one salt-forming group is present.

5. (currently amended) The method according to claim 4 3, wherein the staurosporine derivative is a staurosporin derivative of formula I,



wherein

m and n are each 0;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are independently of each other

hydrogen,

lower alkyl unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted, especially monosubstituted, by radicals selected independently of one another from carboxy; lower alkoxy-carbonyl; and cyano;

or

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or -CH<sub>3</sub>, and

R<sub>3</sub> is acyl of the subformula R<sup>o</sup>-CO-, wherein R<sup>o</sup> is lower alkyl; amino-lower alkyl, wherein the amino group is present in unprotected form or is protected by lower alkoxy-carbonyl; tetrahydropyranyloxy-lower alkyl; phenyl; imidazolyl-lower alkoxyphenyl; carboxyphenyl; lower alkoxy-carbonylphenyl; halogen-lower alkylphenyl; imidazol-1-ylphenyl; pyrrolidino-lower alkylphenyl; piperazino-lower alkylphenyl; (4-lower alkylpiperazinomethyl)phenyl; morpholino-lower alkylphenyl; piperazinocarbonylphenyl; or (4-lower alkylpiperazino)phenyl;

or is acyl of the subformula R<sup>o</sup>-O-CO-, wherein R<sup>o</sup> is lower alkyl;

or is acyl of the subformula R<sup>o</sup>HN-C(=W)-, wherein W is oxygen and R<sup>o</sup> has the following meanings: morpholino-lower alkyl, phenyl, lower alkoxyphenyl, carboxyphenyl, or lower alkoxy-carbonylphenyl;

or R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkylphenylsulfonyl, typically 4-toluenesulfonyl;

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen or lower alkyl,

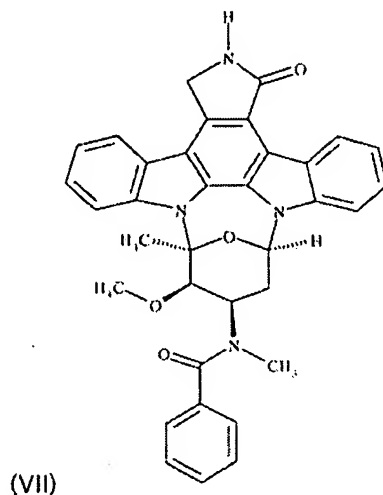
X stands for 2 hydrogen atoms or for O;

Z is methyl or hydrogen;

or a salt thereof, if at least one salt-forming group is present.

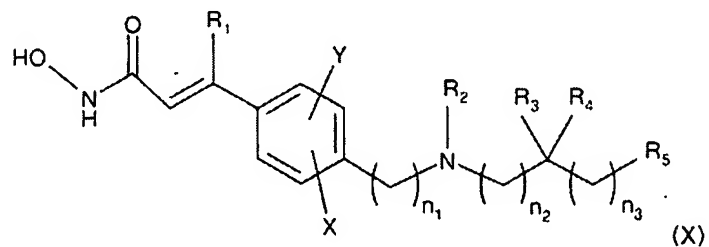
6. (currently amended) The method according to claim 4 3, wherein the staurosporine derivative is *N*-[(9*S*,10*R*,11*R*,13*R*)-2,3,10,11,12,13-hexahydro-10-methoxy-9-methyl-1-oxo-9,13-

epoxy-1*H*,9*H*-diindolo[1,2,3-*gh*:3',2',1'-*lm*]pyrrolo[3,4-*j*][1,7]benzodiazonin-11-yl]-*N*-methylbenzamide of the formula (VII):



or a salt thereof.

7. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the HDAI compound is a histone deacetylase inhibitor of formula (X)



wherein

$R_1$  is H, halo, or a straight chain  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;

$R_2$  is selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  heterocycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl,  $-(CH_2)_nC(O)R_6$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nOC(O)R_6$ , amino acyl,  $HON-C(O)-CH=C(R_1)$ -aryl-alkyl- and  $-(CH_2)_nR_7$ ;

$R_3$  and  $R_4$  are the same or different and independently H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, acyl or acylamino, or  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  together with the carbon to which they are bound represent  $C=O$ ,  $C=S$ , or  $C=NR_8$ , or  $R_2$  together with the nitrogen to which it is bound and  $R_3$  together with the carbon to which it is bound can form a  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  heterocycloalkyl, a heteroaryl, a

polyheteroaryl, a non-aromatic polyheterocycle, or a mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle ring;

R<sub>5</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, acyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, aromatic polycycle, non-aromatic polycycle, mixed aryl and non-aryl polycycle, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocycle, and mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle;

n, n<sub>1</sub>, n<sub>2</sub> and n<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and independently selected from 0 - 6, when n<sub>1</sub> is 1-6, each carbon atom can be optionally and independently substituted with R<sub>3</sub> and/or R<sub>4</sub>;

X and Y are the same or different and independently selected from H, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, NO<sub>2</sub>, C(O)R<sub>1</sub>, OR<sub>9</sub>, SR<sub>9</sub>, CN, and NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>11</sub>;

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, OR<sub>12</sub>, and NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>;

R<sub>7</sub> is selected from OR<sub>15</sub>, SR<sub>15</sub>, S(O)R<sub>16</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, and NR<sub>12</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>6</sub>;

R<sub>8</sub> is selected from H, OR<sub>15</sub>, NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl;

R<sub>9</sub> is selected from C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C(O)-alkyl;

R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> are the same or different and independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C(O)-alkyl;

R<sub>12</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, mixed aryl and non-aryl polycycle, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl;

R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub> are the same or different and independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, amino acyl, or R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub> together with the nitrogen to which they are bound are C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, heteroaryl, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocycle or mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle;

R<sub>15</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>ZR<sub>12</sub>;

R<sub>16</sub> is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polyheteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>ZR<sub>12</sub>;

R<sub>17</sub> is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> heterocycloalkyl, aryl, aromatic polycycle, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, polyheteroaryl and NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>;

m is an integer selected from 0 to 6; and

Z is selected from O, NR<sub>13</sub>, S and S(O);

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

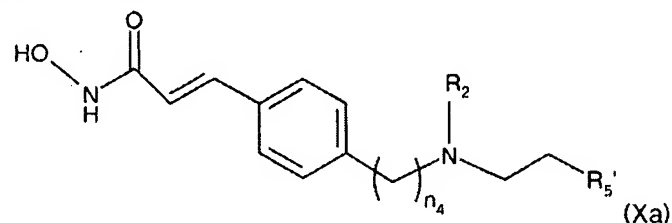
8. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein each of R<sub>1</sub>, X, Y, R<sub>3</sub>, and R<sub>4</sub> is H.



9. (original) The method according to claim 8, wherein one of  $n_2$  and  $n_3$  is zero and the other is 1.

10. (original) The method according to claim 9, wherein one of  $n_2$  and  $n_3$  is zero and the other is 1.

11. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the histone deacetylase inhibitor is a compound of the formula (Xa)



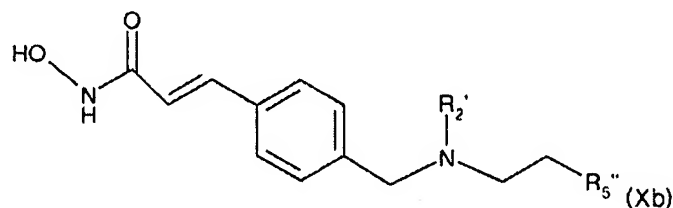
wherein

$n_4$  is 0-3,

$R_2$  is selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$  -  $C_9$  heterocycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl,  $-(CH_2)_nC(O)R_6$ , amino acyl and  $-(CH_2)_nR_7$ ;

$R_5'$  is heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, an aromatic polycycle, a non-aromatic polycycle, a mixed aryl and non-aryl polycycle, polyheteroaryl, or a mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the histone deacetylase inhibitor is a compound of the formula (Xb):



wherein

$R_2'$  is selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, and  $(CH_2)_{2-4}OR_2$ , where  $R_2$  is H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl, and

$R_5''$  is unsubstituted or substituted 1*H*-indol-3-yl, benzofuran-3-yl or quinolin-3-yl or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.